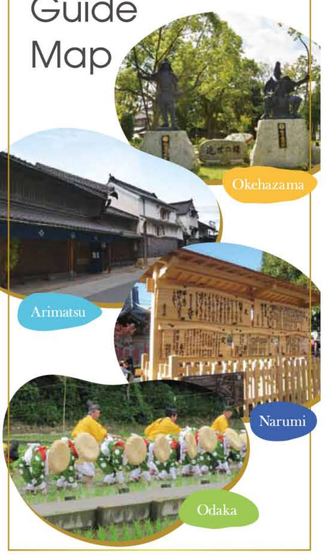
MIDORI WARD

Nagoya city

Tourist Guide Map



Introducing Midori Ward

Midori Ward in Nagoya City has a population of more than 240,000 people giving it the highest residency of the 16 wards of Nagoya City. As the site of the Battle of Okehazama, Midori Ward is home to many memorials. One can also discover the history and culture of Japan in the traditional industry of Arimatsu / Narumi tie-dyeing, the traditional cityscape of Narumi as one of the post stations on the ancient Tokaido route and the Odaka sake breweries dating back hundreds of years.

❶ ARIMATSU

The beautiful cityscape is a designated national important traditional architecture preservation zone

❷ OKEHAZAMA

Discover many memorials to the Battle of Okehazama

❸ ODAKA

Home to traditional cityscapes, legends and sake breweries as a famous castle town from the Sengoku period

❹ NARUMI

Prospered as a post station on the ancient Tokaido route and loved by the famous Edo-period haiku poet Matsuo Basho

The Battle of Okehazama

Oda Nobunaga's battle that changed the history of Japan

People saw spreading conflict between the armies of Oda Nobunaga and Imagawa Yoshimoto in 1560. In the Battle of Okehazama Oda Nobunaga miraculously defeated the 25,000 strong army of Imagawa Yoshimoto with only 2,500 soldiers. The Battle of Okehazama is recognized as one of the turning points in the history of Japan as it sets the stage for Oda Nobunaga's mission to unite all Japan.

Traditional tie-dyeing experience

Tie-dyeing is a national designated traditional folk craft that developed over hundreds of years with the hands of craftsmen. You can try it too in Arimatsu or Narumi. Contact below for details.

※Information only in Japanese

- Aichi Shibori Industrial Corporation TEL. 052-621-1797
- Arimatsu Area TEL. 052-621-0111
- Narumi Area TEL. 052-621-0029

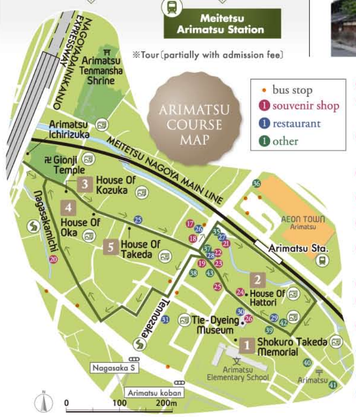
ARIMATSU

Course about 1.0 to 1.5 hours〔about 1.5km〕

Station / Tourist spot / Road or bridge

- Meitetsu Arimatsu Station
- Arimatsu Festival Float Museum※
- Tie-Dyeing Museum※
- Shokuro Takeda Memorial
- House Of Hattori
- Tennozaka
- Nagasakamichi
- Gionji Temple
- Arimatsu Ichirizuka〔Arimatsu Milestone〕
- House Of Kozuka
- House Of Oka
- House Of Takeda
- Meitetsu Arimatsu Station

※Tour〔partially with admission fee〕



- bus stop
- ❶ souvenir shop
- ❶ restaurant
- ❶ other

⑰ Marimomen まり木綿
⑱ Shibori Hisada Ekimae 絞りのひさだ(駅前店)
⑲ Arimatsu-shibori Ohako 伝統工芸有松絞りの店 十八番
⑳ Shibori Hisada Honten 絞りのひさだ(本店)
㉑ Yogashi Gran Pannier 洋菓子グランパニエ
㉒ Dasenka Kura ダーシェンカ・蔵
㉓ Ai to Shibori Shop Nakahama 藍と絞りの店 中濱
㉔ Igetaya (株)井桁屋
㉕ Shibori no Yamagami 直販店 絞りのやまがみ
㉖ Tie-Dyeing Museum 有松・鳴海絞会館
㉗ cafe T-Ryujyu cafe T-Ryujyu
㉘ Sawarabi さわらび
㉙ CAFE NaNa CAFE NaNa
㉚ Nihonryori Yamato 日本料理やまと
㉛ Teuchimendokoro Jugemuchaya 手打麺処 寿限無茶屋
㉜ Yasai Cafe Mamehana 野菜カフェ まめはな
㉝ Oshokujidokoro Ajifuku お食事処 味福
㉞ Kametsuta かめつた
㉟ Yonezu Tax Accountant Office よねづ税理士事務所
㊱ Shinseidou Pharmacy 新生堂薬局
㊲ Yofukuya Sunmoon Arimatsu 洋服屋サンムーン有松店
㊳ Arimatsu Society of Commerce and Industry 有松商工会
㊴ Kei Office ケイオフィス
㊵ Aichi Shibori Industrial Corporation 愛知絞工業組合
㊶ Arimatsu Festival Float Museum 有松山車会館
㊷ Ito Syoten(Azumaya)(貸)伊東商店(あずまや)

1 SHOKURO TAKEDA MEMORIAL

Developer of original tie-dyeing techniques in Arimatsu.

2 HOUSE OF HATTORI

This building represents all of the features of the urban residences of Arimatsu and is a prefectural designated cultural asset.

3 HOUSE OF KOZUKA

〔Municipal Designated Cultural Asset〕

4 HOUSE OF OKA

〔Municipal Designated Cultural Asset〕

5 HOUSE OF TAKEDA

The main building of this house features nurigome-style plastered walls and is a Municipal Designated Cultural Asset.

OKEHAZAMA

Course about 1 to 1.5 hours〔about 2km〕

- Meitetsu Arimatsu Station
- Okehazama Kosenjo Koen City Bus Stop
- Okehazama Kosenjo Park
- Okehazama hill
- Sena Ujitoshi's Post historic site
- Chofukuji Temple
- Okehazama Shinmeisha Shrine
- Sempyo no Matsu (In front of Okehazama Teramae City Bus Stop)
- Meitetsu Arimatsu Station

Station / Bus stop / Battle of Okehazama historic site marker

1 OKEHAZAMA KOSENJO PARK

Statues of Oda Nobunaga and Imagawa Yoshimoto are found in this park said to be the place where Oda Nobunaga claimed victory at the Battle of Okehazama.

2 CHOFUKUJI TEMPLE

Wooden statues of Imagawa Yoshimoto and his vassal Matsui Munenobu are enshrined within.

3 OKEHAZAMA SHINMEISHA SHRINE

Sena Ujitoshi is said to have prayed at this shrine for victory in battle before the Battle of Okehazama.

- bus stop
- Battle of Okehazama historic site marker
- ❶ souvenir shop ❶ restaurant ❶ other

㊷ Kashiwaya Seikaho 柏屋製菓舗
㊹ Kissa CHELSEA 喫茶チェルシー
㊺ JA Midori Okehazama Branch JAみどり桶狭間支店

Welcome to Midori Ward!!

Midorich, Midori Ward's Mascot Character

Find us on Facebook Like

Inquiries ※Information only in Japanese

Midori Ward Tourism Promotion Council

Midori Ward Office Community Cooperation Promotion Office

TEL. 052-625-3878 FAX. 052-623-8191

Volunteer Tour Guides

※Information only in Japanese

Use the contact information to find out more about volunteer tour guides for each area in the ward to enjoy detailed explanation of the sites and learn more about what makes Midori-ku great.

Reception times 9:30 am to 5:00 pm

Fees

- ARIMATSU 1.000yen (transportation) per guide
- OKEHAZAMA 1.000yen per guide + cost of materials
- ODAKA／NARUMI・TOKUSHIGE Free

Tourist Information (Where to contact for information)

- Nagoya City Nagoya Station Tourist Information Center TEL. 052-541-4301
- Nagoya City Kanayama Tourist Information Center TEL. 052-323-0161
- Oasis 21 i Center TEL. 052-963-5252

[Nagoya Convention & Visitors Bureau homepage] http://www.nagoya-info.jp/en/

Nagoya International Center

TEL. 052-581-0100 9:00 to 19:00 (Tuesday to Sunday)

Mondays, Dec.29 through Jan.3, the 2nd Sunday of August and February

At the 3rd floor Information Counter, you can find various types of information relating to hospitals and clinics where you can be assisted in your language, as well as tourist and transportation guide leaflets and publications in English, Chinese, Korean, etc.

★Assistance is available in the following languages
Japanese, English 9:00～19:00 (Tuesday to Sunday)

★Types of information provided
- Emergency information …… Medical
- Travel information …… Domestic travel／Routes to sightseeing destinations
- Tourist information …… Sports／Churches, temples and shrines／Traditional crafts, entertainment／Industrial plant tours／Events around the year, leisure／Amusement parks, theme parks

Emergency contact numbers

Police (accidents, serious inquiries) call …… 110
For ambulance, fire call …… 119
Police Department ENGLISH Hotline call …… 3510-0110

Disaster Information

http://www.nic-nagoya.or.jp/saigai/

ODAKA

Course about 1.5 hour〔about 2.5km〕

- JR Odaka Station
- Ohashi Bridge
- Kaminoi Shuzo
- Akibasha Shrine
- Odaka Castle Site
- Banjo Jozo
- Yamamori Shuzo
- Nembutsu Bridge
- Hachimansha Shrine
- JR Odaka Station

※Hikamianego Shrine is optional

Station / Tourist spot / Road or bridge / Battle of Okehazama historic site marker

- bus stop
- Battle of Okehazama historic site marker
- ❶ souvenir shop
- ❶ restaurant
- ❶ other

1 ODAKA CASTLE SITE

〔National Designated Historical Site〕

This historical site connected to the Battle of Okehazama was once the location of a castle surrounded by double moats in all directions.

2 A TOWN OF SAKE BREWERIES

There are three sake breweries here dating back to the Edo period.

3 HIKAMIANEGO SHRINE

This shrine is closely related to Atsuta Shrine and is dedicated to Miyasuhime, who in Japanese mythology married Yamatotakeru .

⑳ Rins Bakery リンズベーカリー
㉚ Yamamori Shuzo 山盛酒造(株)
㉛ Kaminoi Shuzo 神の井酒造(株)
⑲ Sushi Washoku Harunoya 寿し、和食 春乃家
⑳ Jonetsu Gyoza Odakaekimae 焼熱ギョーザ太高駅前店
㉑ Torikobo Toriko 鶏工房 とりこ
㉒ cafe Rune cafe Rune
㉓ Kominka Coffee Popuri 古民家珈琲ポプリ
㉛ Shorindo (資)昭林堂
㉜ JA Nagoya Odaka Branch JAなごや大高支店
㉝ JA Nagoya Odaka Branch Green Shop JAなごや大高支店グリーンショップ

NARUMI

Course: About 1.5 hours〔about 2km〕

- Meitetsu Narumi Station
- Kosatsu-ba
- Seiganji Temple
- Amatsukamisha Shrine
- Narumi Shrine
- Chidorizuka
- Narumi Yamashita City Bus Stop
- Meitetsu Narumi Station

Station / Bus stop / Tourist spot / Battle of Okehazama historic site marker

TOKAIDO NARUMI-SHUKU POST STATION

Narumi prospered as the fortieth post station on the Tokaido route. Famous haiku poet of the Edo period, Matsuo Basho came to Narumi four times.

Post stations: These towns developed in the Edo period along the Tokaido and Nakasando ancient routes as rest stops and lodgings for travelers.

1 KOSATSU-BA

Kosatsu were signboards used in the Edo period by the shogunate government to post public notices. This one was restored in 2009.

2 SEIGANJI TEMPLE

The oldest stone monument in memory of Matsuo Basho is found on the grounds of this shrine.

3 NARUMI SHRINE

This shrine was built more than 1300 years ago. It is dedicated to Yamatotakeru, Miyasuhime, and Takeinadane from Japanese mythology.

4 CHIDORIZUKA

This inscription is said to have been written by Matsuo Basho himself.

- bus stop
- Battle of Okehazama historic site marker
- ❶ souvenir shop
- ❶ restaurant
- ❶ other

❶ Yamadamochi Narumi 山田餅 なるみ
❷ Shiki no Wagashidokoro Hiranoya 四季の和菓子処 平野屋
❸ Onkashitsukasa Kikuyashigetomi 御菓子司 菊屋茂富
❹ Shokakuen Chaho 松鶴園茶舗
❶ Family Kissa Tokaku ファミリー喫茶 東角
❷ Shokujidokoro Ajisai 食事処あじさい
❸ Kometsune 米常
❹ Futabazushi 二葉寿司
❺ Musai Kobo 夢舞工房
❻ Unagi no Asanoya うなぎの浅野屋
❺ Banno Kaden ばんの家電
❻ KOMADA+mode KOMADA+mode
❼ Men's hair salon Ebisu Men's hair salon Ebisu
❽ Cycle Center Suzumura サイクルセンター・すずむら
❾ Sampachiya (有)三八屋
❿ Fukushimaya フクシマヤ
⓫ Aomatsuya アオマツヤ
⓬ Midori Lifelong Learning Center 緑生涯学習センター
⓭ Hanazumi 花住

Traditional festivals of Midori Ward

〈Okehazama〉 MAY 5

OKEHAZAMA KOSENJO FESTIVAL

Sunday immediately before May 19

In memory of those war dead at the Battle of Okehazama, 3,500 lantern are lit around the edge of the pond. There are also stage events and more.

〈Arimatsu〉 JUNE 6

ARIMATSU TIE-DYEING FESTIVAL

First Saturday ／ Sunday in June

This festival is held along the Tokaido route in Arimatsu. Featuring performances by mechanical dolls and exhibitions and sales of various kinds of tie-dyed cloth. Discover the appeal of this traditional craft.

〈Odaka〉 JUNE 6

OTAUE-SAI [RICE PLANTING FESTIVAL]

Fourth Sunday in June

In this annual rite held at the Atsuta Shrine Odaka saiden (dedicated rice field) located on the grounds of the Hikamianego Shrine, young girls in traditional garb offer ceremonial dance and plant rice to pray for a good harvest.

〈Narumi〉 AUG. 8

NIPPON DOMANNAKA FESTIVAL NARUMI PARADE

Last Saturday of August

The largest festival of traditional dance in the Chubu region – Nippon Domannaka Festival Narumi Parade Venue.

OCT. 10

〈Odaka〉

HIKAMIANEGO SHRINE FESTIVAL

First Sunday of October

OCT. 10

〈Arimatsu〉

ARIMATSU TENMANSHA SHRINE FALL GRAND FESTIVAL

[Municipal Designated Intangible Folk-cultural Asset]

First Sunday in October

This festival features 3 floats. Each of the floats has mechanical dolls.

〈Narumi〉

〈Mechanical dolls of the Aibaramachi Float〉

NARUMI HACHIMAN SHRINE GRAND FESTIVAL

[Municipal Designated Intangible Folk-cultural Asset]

Saturday ／ Sunday immediately before October 15

This festival features 5 floats. There are mechanical dolls on the Aibaramachi floats.

〈Narumi〉

〈Hanai Float〉

NARUMI SHRINE GRAND FESTIVAL

[Municipal Designated Intangible Folk-cultural Asset]

Second Sunday in October

This festival features 4 floats. There are mechanical dolls on the Hanai and Kinomoto floats.

〈Odaka〉 FEB. 2

SAKAGURA-BIRAKI

Last Sunday in February

Kaminoi Shuzo and Yamamori Shuzo release their new vintages at this time and open their facilities to tours and the chance to sample some great sake.

〈Arimatsu〉 MARCH 3

ARIMATSU TENMANSHA SHRINE SPRING GRAND FESTIVAL

[Municipal Designated Intangible Folk-cultural Asset]

Third Sunday in March

※This information is current as of September 2016. Schedule and venue subject to change.

SHOJO

Shojo is a unique large doll traditional to this area that started to appear in festivals in the Edo period. The Shojo has two roles, acting as security and guide for the festival as well as chasing and playing with children. They continue to be an important part of the local festivities.